Kotronias on the King's Indian 2

Mar del Plata I

By

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With contributions by Yannis Simeonidis

For my children, Adoria, Athanasia and Dimitrios



Quality Chess www.qualitychess.co.uk

Introduction

The idea of defending Black's chances in the **Mar del Plata variation** was in my mind for quite some time and Quality Chess gave me the opportunity to materialize it through this series on the King's Indian. It proved to be an uphill task with many disappointments and joys waiting along the way, but in the end I think I managed to solve the problems and provide a comprehensive repertoire for Black.

During this great adventure I had the invaluable help of my good friend Yannis Simeonidis, several strong engines, and my intuition. Looking back, I am certain that it would have been impossible to accomplish such an enormous task were it not for a combination of strengths such as the ones described above. Even at the moment of writing these lines I still stand in awe, fascinated by the variation's complexity and beauty. I hope that the readers will feel the same fascination by going through these volumes, experiencing the full flavour of the King's Indian in such a unique way that only the Mar del Plata variation can offer.

The first volume is about the move 9.20e1 (after the introductory moves 1.4420f6 2.c4 g6 3.20c3g7 4.e4 d6 5.20f3 0-0 6.20e2 e5 7.0-0 20c6 8.d5 20e7), which produces in my opinion some of the most sparkling variations the chessboard has ever seen. Deep sacrifices, brilliant positional ideas and sharp tactical skirmishes are all to be found here, creating a melee that every chess player should experience, even if only as a reader. I have no doubt by now that the King's Indian is an absolutely correct opening, and this is perfectly exemplified by the material presented in this volume. On the other hand, one might argue that the load of all these lines might prove too hard to handle – even for a professional of the highest calibre. This may be true, but the same applies to White players as well, and besides, chess is a game for bloodthirsty warriors where we come equipped to fight, knowing that at some point we will be on our own.

In the 9. Del variation the creative Black players will have the opportunity to show their full potential, as it requires a combination of positional and tactical mastery. The pawn chains show the targets for each side, but obviously Black is playing for higher stakes as his own pawn chain points directly at the white king. This is obviously a psychological advantage on our side as the slightest mistake can lead to White's demise, while we can always hope to checkmate our opponent, even large amounts of material down! Another advantage is that during preparation, engines can be misleading in these sharp positions, even showing that White is winning just a few moves before he gets checkmated!

I sincerely hope that this volume will enhance the chess understanding of those willing to explore it and offer them success in their tournament games.

Vassilios Kotronias Athens, 17th December 2014

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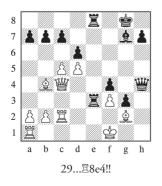
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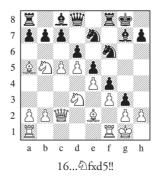
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1.d4 ₺f6 2.c4 g6 3.₺c3 \$g7 4.e4 d6 5.₺f3 0–0 6.\$e2 e5 7.0–0 ₺c6 8.d5 ₺e7 9.₺e1 ₺d7 10.₺d3 f5 11.\$d2 ₺f6 12.f3 f4 13.c5 g5 14.₩c2 g4!! 15.₺b5

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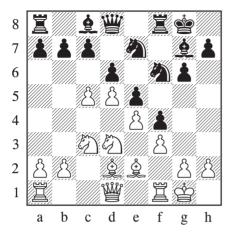




B2) note to 24. 2f2!!



1.d4 칩f6 2.c4 g6 3.칩c3 ዿੈg7 4.e4 d6 5.칩f3 0-0 6.ዿe2 e5 7.0-0 칩c6 8.d5 칩e7 9.칩e1 칩d7 10.칩d3 f5 11.ዿd2 칩f6 12.f3 f4 13.c5

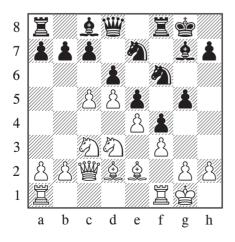


Most principled. From now on it becomes a wild race with mutual chances. This chapter contains several nuances Black players need to memorize, all the more so as most of them are impossible to find over the board.

13...g5 14.\"c2

14.cxd6 is examined in the next chapter, while 14.\mathbb{Z}c1 is the topic of Chapters 8-10.

With the text, White tries to assault the c7-square quickly, but this has the disadvantage of allowing Black's next reply.



14...g4!!

A move that the engines highly disagree with. Are they right? The double exclamation mark implies not, and the following analysis shows that humans can still outdo our silicon friends on occasion.

Before proceeding, however, I would like to point out that the more pedestrian 14...c6!? 15.cxd6 營xd6 16.dxc6 ②xc6 17.创b5 營d8! (17...營e7 18.创b4!) 18.營b3† 查h8 19.奠b4 ②xb4 20.營xb4 g4 should also be sufficient for equality.

15.🛛 b5

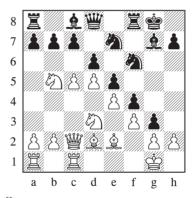
Clearly White should not take on d6 too quickly, as then 2b5 would become unplayable.

Another option could be as follows:

15.\[fc1N g3!

All three of the moves 15...增e8!?, 15...違d7!? and 15...②g6!? deserve attention too. 16.②b5

16.cxd6? cxd6 \mp looks suicidal.



16...⊮e8!

This typical move hits the b5-knight and prepares to switch the queen over to h5. 17.2a5!

17.�xc7 ₩h5-+

17...增xb5 18.奠xc7 gxh2† 19.垫xh2

19. h1 would be met by 19... h5.

19....₩e8!

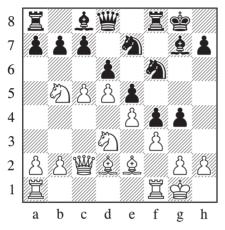
This leads to a strong attack for Black. 20.cxd6

20.≜xd6 ∅h5→

20...濟h5† 21.堂g1 ②g6 22.②c5 ③h4 23.②e6 23.彙f1 查h8∓ 23...党h8!王

With the idea:

24. 2xf8 2xg2



15...g3!

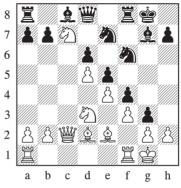
The engines are highly critical of this move, yet it's the best way to continue. Now I believe White's two best options to be **A**) **16.2b**4**N** and **B**) **16.2a**5**N**.

The meek 16.h3? led to a happy end for Black after 16...2e8 (16...2xh3!?N 17.gxh3 2d7 is also good) 17. Ξ fc1 2g6 18.a4 (Black is spoilt for choice even in case of 18.2f1 2h4 19.2d1 Ξ f7 \mp / \mp , as the white king is trapped on g1 and has to await a sacrifice on h3, f3 or g2.) 18...2h4 19.cxd6? (19.2d1N was imperative) 19...cxd6 20.2c7 2xh3! 21.gxh3 Ξ c8 22.2e6 \varXi xc2 23.2xd8 Ξ xd2 24.2f1 2f6 25.2e6 2xe4! 26.fxe4 f3 0–1 Orgovan – Rajna, Budapest 1984.

16.cxd6?! cxd6 17.心c7

By the way, 17.營c7 should again be answered by 17...營e81年.

Now Black has a stunning bolt from the blue:



17...④fxd5!!

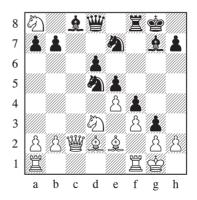
Already I don't see any salvation. $\sqrt{2}$

18.Dxa8

A rook is a rook, and as they say the proof of the pudding lies in the eating. However, I feel the present situation is best described by the expression: "He chose to die with a full stomach."

a) An alternative "last wish meal" is 18.exd5 ②f5 19.②e6 &xe6 20.dxe6 gxh2† 21.☆xh2 營h4† 22.☆g1 e4→

b) After 18.②xd5 公xd5 19.豐c4 (19.exd5 營h4 20.h3 彙xh3-+) 19...營h4! 20.營xd5† 查h8 21.h3 彙f6!! (21...彙xh3 22.gxh3 營xh3 23.罩f2 gxf2† 24.④xf2 營g3† 25.查f1 is unclear) 22.④f2 gxf2† 23.翨xf2 罩g8干 the unstoppable ...彙xh3 will give Black a raging attack.

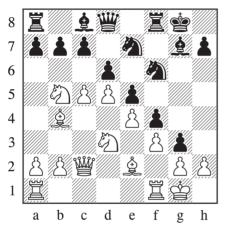


18...∜c6!∓

Black is inching towards the white king. I don't think that any further explanations are needed here; the attack is tremendous and Black's moves come naturally.

A) 16. 2b4N

This allows a brilliant tactical shot:



16...②fxd5‼

Black utilizes this tactical resource once again. White already has to overcome a minefield to stay alive.

17.\"b3!?

The best try.

I also analysed 17.exd5? @f5 18.@d2 gxh2† 19.@xh2 @h4†→ when Black attacks ferociously by playing ... $extsilleftilde{E}f6$ next.

17. $rac{1}{2}$ c4?! is dubious, and the best attacking recipe is the following one: 17...m h8! (17...m e6618.m c3) 18.exd5 m h5 19.m d2 (19.hxg3 fxg3∓ 20.m e1 [20.m d42?! m d4-+] 20...m h6!∓) 19...a6 20.m c3 $m d4\rightarrow$

Finally, Black is at least slightly better after 17.cxd6 cxd6 18.&xd6 a6 \mp

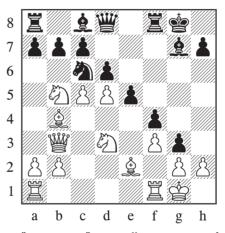
17...②c6!?

Opening the way for the queen immediately is spectacular and sound. We are entering rich tactical territory where every slip by White leads to disaster.

17...[♠]h8!? could also be a winning try, after 18.exd5 [®]h5[™] or 18...[®]xd5!?.

18.exd5

18. $\underline{\mathbb{W}}xd5^{\dagger}$?! $\underline{\mathbb{O}}h8$ 19.h3 $\underline{\mathbb{W}}h4$ 20. $\underline{\mathbb{G}}e1$ $\underline{\mathbb{G}}xh3$ 21.gxh3 $\underline{\mathbb{W}}xh3$ 22. $\underline{\mathbb{E}}f2$ gxf2^{\dagger} 23. $\underline{\mathbb{O}}xf2$ $\underline{\mathbb{W}}g3^{\dagger}$ 24. $\underline{\mathbb{O}}f1$ $\underline{\mathbb{Z}}g8^{\mp}$ produces a typical situation where White can hardly survive, as his king cannot escape to the queenside with impunity.



18...②d4!! 19.②xd4 營h4 20.h3 皇xh3 21.gxh3 營xh3 22.莒f2 e4!!

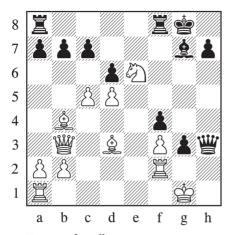
A stunning position, with Black temporarily being three pieces down.

23. De6!

After 23.\$f1?? gxf2† 24.\$\dotstruct{https://xf2 @g3† 25.\$g2 \$\$xd4 26.\$e1 \$\vec{a}ea8\$-+ the threat of ...exf3 followed by ...\$\vec{a}e3 cannot be parried.

23...exd3 24.gxd3

24.^幽xd3?? is swiftly punished by 24...gxf2† 25.堂xf2 ^幽g3† 26.堂f1 ^三f6-+.



24....宮f6! 25.臭f1 凹h4!

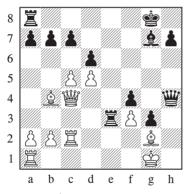
Here White has to decide where he will place the f2-rook.

26.\arrowdd da 2

White's other possible rook move produces some stunning variations:

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26.邕c2!? 邕xe6 27.奠g2 邕e3 28.端c4
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28.ዿc3 ዿxc3 29.bxc3 ≌ae8∓



28...Ξae8!! 29.空f1 Ξ8e4!! 30.fxe4 30.鬯b5?? 鬯h5!-+

30...f3 31.違xf3 \Staf3 †

White is the one struggling to draw despite being a rook up:

32. 🖄 g1!

Only this move holds.

White loses abruptly after 32.空e2?? 酇g4-+. 32.空g2?? also leads to destruction: 32...罩f2† 33.罩xf2 營h2† 34.空f3 營xf2† 35.空g4 h5†! 36. 堂g5 (36. 堂xh5 營f3† 37. 堂h4 皇f6† 38. 堂h3 g2† 39. 堂h2 皇e5† 40. 堂g1 營g3-+) 36...營f6† 37. 堂xh5 營f3† 38. 堂g5 皇f6† 39. 堂g6 皇e7!-+

After 32. rightarrow g1! Black has to acquiesce to a draw.

26.^{III}d2 seems to halt Black's attack, but appearances are deceiving:

26....\aree 27.\cong c3!

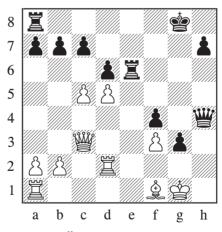
The rook is immune.

27.dxe6?? loses immediately to 27... 2d4† with mate soon to follow.

27. $\underline{\mathbb{B}}$ c4 is answered by 27... $\underline{\mathbb{E}}$ e3 28. $\underline{\mathbb{G}}$ g2 $\underline{\mathbb{S}}$ ae8 \rightarrow when the attack continues unabated and White is in great danger.

27...ĝxc3 28.₩xc3

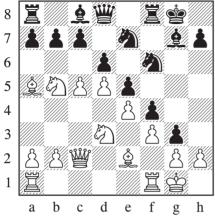
After 28.bxc3 there can follow $28... \Xi e7_{\overline{\infty}}$ or $28... \Xi e3!$? 29. $Bxb7 \Xi f8$, with great compensation in either case.



With excellent chances for both sides! The computer shows 0.00 here, but there is still some play left and the position could go either way.

B) 16. £a5N

The main suggestion of the engines.



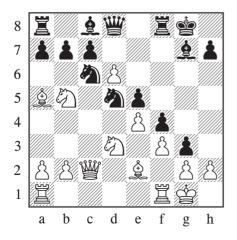
16...②fxd5‼

It should come as no surprise now to see this stunning move make another appearance. The remainder of the chapter will see us consider **B1**) 17.cxd6 and **B2**) 17.^{mb}b3!.

17.exd5?! $\textcircled{0}f5\mp$ allows Black to get the party started on the kingside.

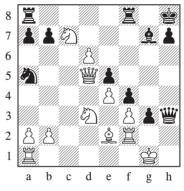
B1) 17.cxd6 🖄 c6!!

Illustrating the main point of Black's play. The position is highly complicated, so we will take a deeper look.



18.exd5!

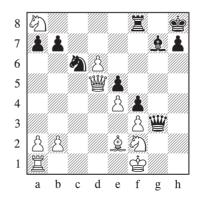
This looks like the best practical chance.



23...gxf2†!

Sometimes, even KID players who are generous by nature have to accept material. Less clear is: 23... Ξ f6?! 24. Ξ g2 (24.d7 Ξ d8 25. Ξ g2 Ξ h6 26. \bigcirc f2 gxf2† 27. \odot xf2 Ξ xd7 28.Wxa5 Wh4† 29. \boxdot f1 Wh1† 30. Ξ g1 Wh3† 31. \circlearrowright e1 Wh4† 32. \circlearrowright f1 gives White chances to hold as well.) 24... Ξ h6 25. \oiint f1 Wh1† 26. Ξ g1 g2† 27. \circlearrowright f2 \ddddot{W} h4† 28. \circlearrowright xg2 Ξ g6† 29. \between f1 Wh3† 30. \between e1 Ξ xg1† 31. \circlearrowright d2 Ξ xa1 32. \circlearrowright xa8 \circlearrowright c6 33. \circlearrowright c7 \rightleftarrows White's strong passed d-pawn offers him sufficient compensation.

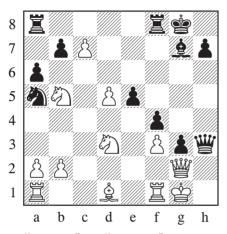
24.包xf2 幽g3† 25.查f1 包c6 26.包xa8 26.d7 鼻f6-+



26...ĝf6 27.∅g4 ĝh4–+

White's fragile defences are about to collapse.

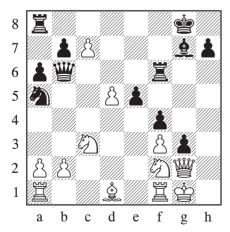
23. ④d6? loses rather easily to 23...e4! 24. 營g2 鼻d4† 25. 邕f2 營d7!-+.



23...쌜h6! 24.최c3 쌜b6† 25.최f2 The only move.

25...¤f6

Black is planning ... If6-h6-h2.

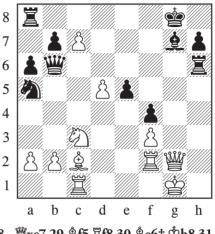


26.奠c2!! \Bh6 27.\Bac1! gxf2†!

27... $\mathbb{E}h2$? 28. $\mathbb{A}a4!! \pm$ is an impressive motif, with a sudden turning of the tables.

28.\arrowsf2!?

After 28.Wxf2 Wxc7 29.&f5 Oc4! 30.Oe4 $\text{\&f6} \rightarrow$ White is not out of the woods yet.

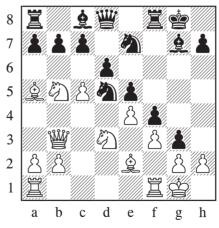


28...≝xc7 29.ዿf5 ≅f8 30.ዿe6† Φh8 31.₩f1 ₩b6→

With a complicated position; Black still has a strong attack and holds the better prospects, but the game is far from over.

B2) 17.₩b3!

According to my research, this is the best move.



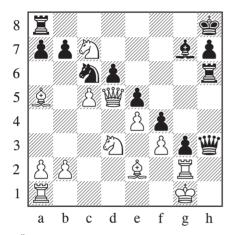
17....²c6!!

Still strong enough to upset White, although I haven't been able to find more than a draw in this specific line.

18.營xd5† 空h8 19.包xc7! 營h4 20.h3 এxh3 21.gxh3 營xh3 22.邕f2 邕f6

This is, perhaps, the point where Black can look for an improvement.

22...gxf2†!? 23.⁽¹⁄₂)xf2 ⁽¹⁾/₂g3† 24.⁽¹⁾/₂f1 ⁽²⁾/₂ac8 25.cxd6 ⁽¹⁾/₂f6∞ is worth examining.

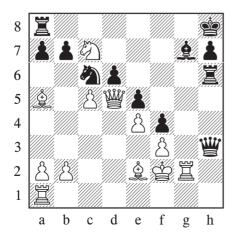


24.🖄f2‼

The only move to stave off defeat.

24.垫f1? loses to the amazing 24...營h1† 25.罩g1 罩h2!! 26.鼻c3 罩f2† 27.苞xf2 g2† 28.垫e1 營xg1† 29.垫d2 營xa1 30.苞h3 營h1 31.營e6 罩d8-+.

24...gxf2† 25.营xf2 營h4† 26.营f1 營h3 27.营f2



27...≌h4†=

White has held miraculously; I don't see more than a perpetual at this point.

Conclusion

Tactics, tactics, tactics! In this chapter we continued our journey to the magical world of 11.2d2 and 12.f3 f4 by introducing ourselves to the intricacies of 13.c5 g5. I think that 14.22 has been a worthy appetizer for the whole line as the positions arising after 14...g4!! 15.2b5 g3! are a treat for the eye and arm us with one of the most essential ideas in the whole classical system: once a pawn has reached g3, the d8-h4 diagonal acquires paramount importance, and clearing it with sacrifices is often the way to success.

This is evident after 16. 2b4 2fxd5!! 17.營b3!? (17.exd5? ②f5 makes things easy for Black) 17... 2c6!? 18.exd5 2d4!! 19. 2xd4 ₩h4 20.h3 \$\u00e9xh3 21.gxh3 \$\u00e9xh3 22.\$\u00e4f2 e4!! when, in spite of being three pieces down, Black is at least equal. The same motif occurs after 16. \$a5 ②fxd5!! 17. 增b3! ②c6!! 18. 增xd5† [™]xh3 22.¤f2 ¤f6 23.¤g2 ¤h6 24.[∞]f2!! gxf2† 25. \$\phixf2 \end{aligned}h4\frac{+}{26. \$\phif1 \end{aligned}h3 27. \$\phif2 when the fireworks are bound to end in a perpetual check. I am not 100 percent sure that the final word has been said in these lines, but what I am sure of is that White is walking a tightrope and has to avoid several pitfalls in order to secure the draw as things stand.

What I would like to add, wrapping up this chapter, is that no particular memory markers exist here; if Black knows the main ideas then he should be able to find the details rather easily as the flow of the moves is natural.